



For safety purposes please be sure to read and follow the instructions contained within this manual before pump installation and operation.

TC-X031VT

TC-X051AT TC-X051ST TC-X051PT TC-X051VT

Series Pumps

Introduction

Thank you for Purchasing our company Air Operated Double Diaphragm Pump. Diaphragm Pumps fall under the positivedisplacement pump category. They are powered by compressed air and transfer liquids through the movement of 2 diaphragms connected by a center shaft. The pump runs through the use of an air switching mechanism which diverts air to each diaphragm in turn on a continuous fashion. Depending on the liquid to be transferred, pumps are available in a variety of body materials including; aluminum, stainless steel, cast iron, polypropylene, polyvinylidene fluoride. The diaphragms and valves within the pump are also available in various rubber, plastic and thermoplastic elastomers each with its own chemical resistance properties.

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While pump is in operation do not cover the liquid inlet port with your hand or any another part of your body. If the pump has remained unused for a long period or if you have any kind of misgivings about running the pump please consult with your local our company distributor or contact our company directly.

Important Items

For safe operation

Before using the pump, be sure to read this document carefully, particularly the "warnings and cautions," and be fully familiar with the correct operating procedures.

• Within this document all the warnings and cautions will be indicated by the following symbols.



If you ignore the warning described and operate the product in an improper manner, there is danger of serious bodily injury or death.



If you ignore the caution described and operate the product in an improper manner, there is danger of personal injury or property damage.

Furthermore, to indicate the type of danger and damage, the following symbols are also used along with those mentioned above:



This symbol indicates a DON'T, and will be accompanied by an explanation on something you must not do.



This symbol indicates a DO, and will be accompanied by instructions on something you must do in a certain situation.

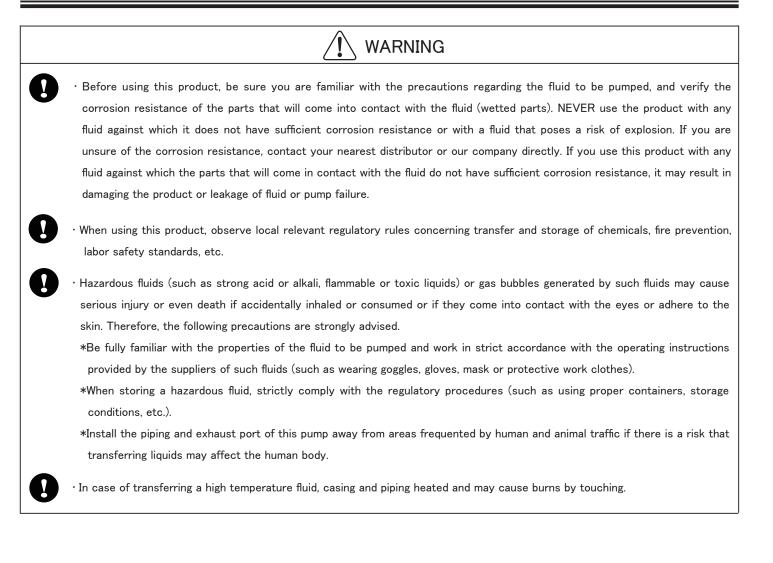


This symbol indicates important information is contained here.

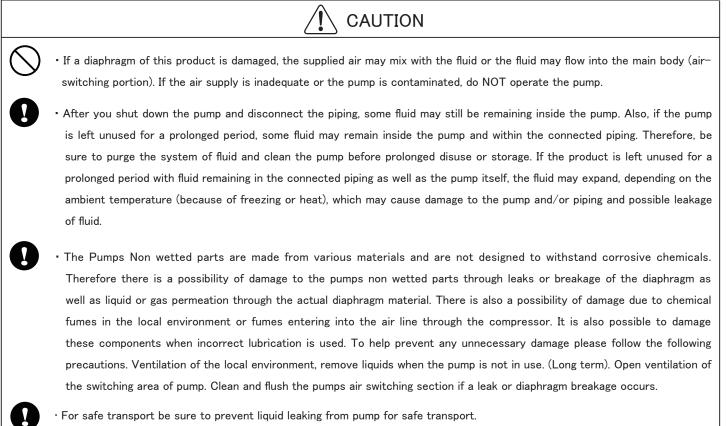
For safety

1)Cor (To 2)Nite	using compressed gas (hereinafter referred to as "compressed air") to drive this pump, be sure it is one of the following: mpressed air supplied from an air compressor drive this product, use supply air with a minimum moisture content.) rogen (N2) gas use of compressed air other than those mentioned above may cause air pollution, damage to the pump, or even an sion.
Pleas press allow	sure Ratings are dependent on pump material and liquid temperature variations. se see the "Liquid Temperature Correlation Graph" in the [5. Performance curves] and check for the allowable operating sure at the specific temperature of the liquid being pumped. Air pressure and discharge pressure must not exceed the able operating pressure. If air pressure and discharge pressure exceed the allowable operating pressure, it may cause I leaks, damage to the pump casings or diaphragms and could cause a fatal accident.
	re moving this product, make sure that the internal pressure is released. If the pump is moved while under pressure, any k imparted by knocking or dropping the pump etc. may damage the pump or even cause an explosion.
There * Al * To * Wi u * Do s: * Th If * Do * M	pper electrical grounding, poor ventilation, or unshielded fire or spark can create a danger of fire or explosion. fore, the following precautions are strongly advised. I peripheral equipment and piping connected to this product should be properly grounded. to pump flammable liquids, use a model with a conductive aluminum or stainless-steel casing. henever you notice any spark while operating this product, immediately stop its operation, and do NOT start using it again nless you are sure of the cause and corrective actions have been taken out. epending upon the type of fluid being pumped, bubbles of flammable gas may be generated. Make sure that ventilation is atisfactory. his product itself, its piping and exhaust ports should be kept away from unshielded fire, spark and other causes of ignition. a diaphragm is damaged, fluid may gush out together with air from the exhaust port. to NOT leave gasoline or solvent etc. that contains waste at the work site. lachinery and other equipment near the place of installation of this product should be properly insulated to prevent lectrical conduction with each other.
* If a * Do	o NOT operate heating devices naked flames or have heating filaments anywhere near the pump or its piping. there are flammable gases in the immediate atmosphere while the pump is operating, do NOT switch electric appliance on nd off. o NOT operate gasoline engines around the pump work site. estrict smoking around the pump work site.

For safety



For safety



It is the end-users responsibility to thoroughly wash and clean the pump(s) to prevent accidents caused by liquid leaks.

• Always use genuine parts when replacing component parts of this product. Do not attempt to modify the components parts or replace them with anything other than genuine parts.

1.Specifications

Model	TC-X051 🗆 T [T	TC-X031VT [TC-X031VTN]				
Model	A, S	P, V				
Liquid port		Rc 1/4 [NPT 1/4]	- -			
Material • Weight		Table 1				
Operating pressure	0.2 ~ 0.7 MPa [30-100 psi]	0.2 ~ 0.7 MPa ※	1 [30-100 psi] ※ 1			
Max discharge pressure		0.7 MPa [100 psi]				
Discharge volume/Cycle	20 m	15 mL				
Max Discharge volume	15.0 L/min [4.0	Gallon/min]	8 L/min [2.1 Gallon/min]			
Max air consumption		250 L/min(ANR) [8.83 SCFM]				
Max solid size		-				
Limitation of viscosity		0.1 Pa ▪ s or less				
Ambient temperature		0 ~ 70 ℃ [32–158 °F]				
Liquid temperature	0 ~ 100°C [32-212 °F]	; [32–140 °F]				
Dimensions	Table 2					
A-Weighted sound pressure level	81dB ※ 2 80dB ※ 2					
A-Weighted sound power level	92dB ※ 3 90dB ※ 3					

% 1 The maximum supply air pressure of the pump depends on the liquid temperature. (Table 3)

% 2 Measurement method of A-weighted sound pressure level is based on ISO 1996.

% 3 Measurement method of A-weighted sound power level is based on ISO 3744.

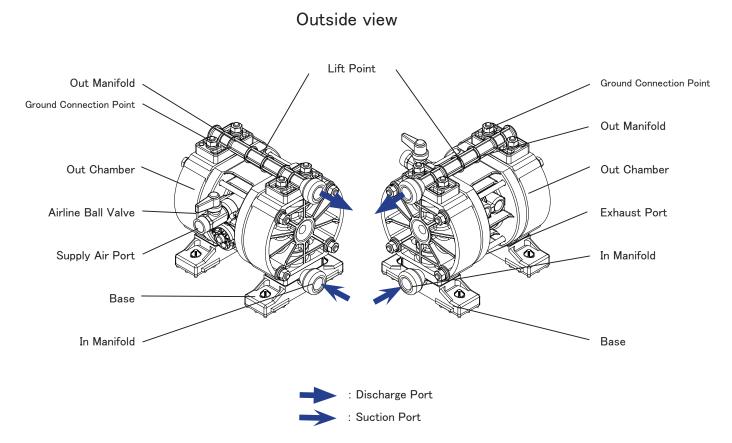
2.Accessories included with the pump

Pump Safety Manual.....1

Airline ball valve.....1

0.	After delivery open the product packaging and check to make sure that all included accessories are present and in good order.
	Remember that the pump is heavy, so extreme care must be taken when lifting it. When lifting the pump using a chain hoist or crane, be sure to lift the pump by the specified lift point(s). Be careful that nobody will pass under the pump when you lift it. It will be very dangerous if the pump should fall.
	When installing the accessories, please use the pipe sealing tape as provided for each threaded position, Also take care that broken or shredded pipe sealing tape does not contaminate the liquid or Air inlets. Note that a contaminated airline may cause failure of the pumps air switching unit.
0.	Please install the air inlet Airline ball valve by referring to [Outside view] of [3.Name of parts and materials].
	Please install Liquid inlet/outlet plugs to discharge and suction ports as required and refer to [Outside view] of [3.Name of parts and materials].

3.Names of parts and materials

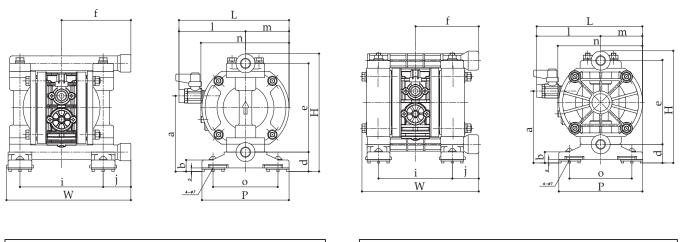


Material and weight

MODEL	051AT [051ATN]	051ST [051STN]	051PT [051PTN]	031VT [031VTN]			
Pump Wetted Parts	ADC12	SCS14	PP	PVDF	PVDF		
Diaphragm		PTFE					
Valve Stopper	SUS316	SUS316	PP	PVDF	PVDF		
Flat Valve		PTFE					
Valve Seat	SUS316	SUS316	PP	PVDF	PVDF		
Center Disk	A5056 SUS316 PP PVDF				PVDF		
Weight	1.5 kg [3.3 lbs]	2.5 kg [5.5 lbs]	1.2 kg [2.7 lbs]	1.5 kg [3.3 lbs]	1.5 kg [3.3 lbs]		

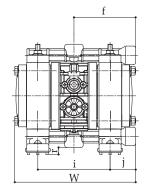
Table 1

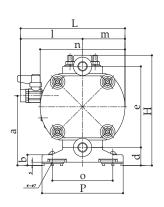
4.Dimensions



051AT [051ATN] • 051ST [051STN]

051VT [051VTN] · 031VT [031VTN]





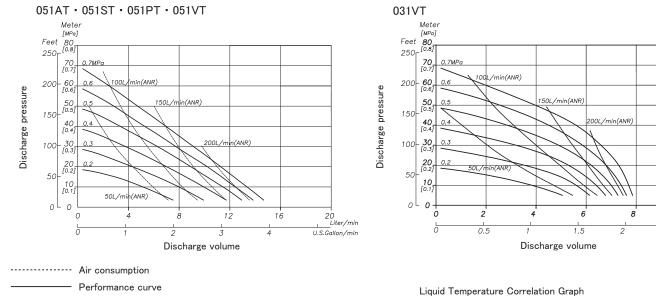
051PT [051PTN]

MODEL	н	w	1	а	b	d	е	f	i	i	I	m	n	0	p	r	AIR INLET	AIR	LIQUID
			_		~	-				,					P			EXHAUST	IN/OUT
051AT [051ATN]	149	157	139	96	15	25	112	88	105	35	84	55	111	82	110			/	
051ST [051STN]	[5.87]	[6.18]	[5.47]	[3.78]	[0.59]	[0.98]	[4.41]	[3.46]	[4.13]	[1.38]	[3.31]	[2.17]	[4.37]	[3.23]	[4.33]				
	150	164	142					84	98			58	115			9		/	
051PT [051PTN]	[5.91]	[6.46]	[5.59]	95	15	25	110	[3.31]	[3.86]	35	84	[2.28]	[4.53]	82	110	[0.35]	Rc1/4		Rc1/4
	147	154	139	[3.74]	[0.59]	[0.98]	[4.33]	83	97	[1.38]	[3.31]	55	111	[3.23]	[4.33]		[NPT 1/4]		[NPT 1/4]
051VT [051VTN]	[5.79]	[6.06]	[5.47]					[3.27]	[3.82]			[2.17]	[4.37]						
031VT [031VTN]	147	154	139	95	15	25	110	83	97	35	84	55	111	82	110			/	
031V1 [031V1N]	[5.79]	[6.06]	[5.47]	[3.74]	[0.59]	[0.98]	[4.33]	[3.27]	[3.82]	[1.38]	[3.31]	[2.17]	[4.37]	[3.23]	[4.33]			/	

(Measure : mm [inch])

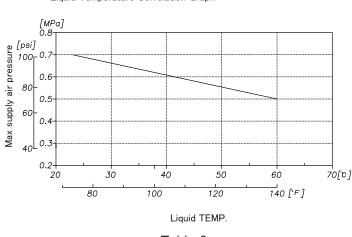
Table 2

5.Performance curves





• The maximum safe operating pressure of the pump depends on the liquid temperature. Always refer to Specifications and this liquid temperature correlation graph when determining the correct air pressure.



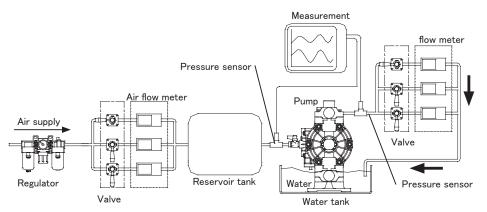
10 Liter/min

U.S.Gallon/min

Table 3

NOTICE

• This is the measurement method used when determining the pumps performance curves. Please refer to the below measurement instruments and testing procedure.



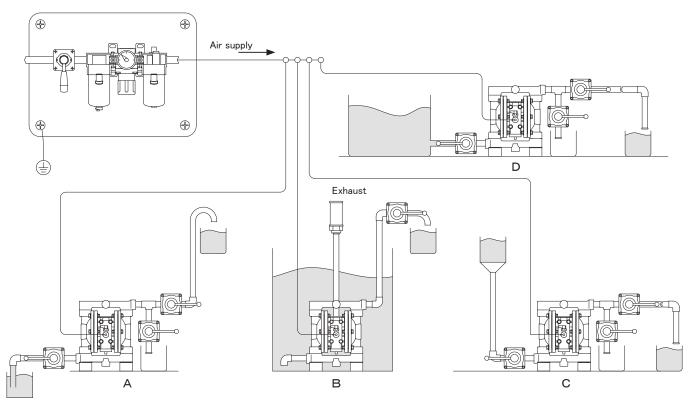
Measurement equipment and piping layout diagram

Liquid pumped: Fresh water Temperature: Ambient Condition of suction: Flat suction 0 meter [0 ft] head

1.Installing and connecting the pump

• Decide where the pump should be installed and secure a suitable space (see Examples of installations A to D).

Examples of pump installations



For optimal performance try to keep the suction lift as short as possible.

To protect the diaphragms from abnormal damage or breakage, the inlet pressure must be kept below the following values:

% PTFE Diaphragms : 0.02 MPa [3 psi] (height 2 m [6.6 ft]) During operation

: 0.05 MPa [7 psi] (height 5 m [16.4ft]) When not in operation

* PTFE • EPDM Diaphragms : 0.2MPa [29 psi] (height 20 m [65.6ft])

X All other Diaphragms : 0.1MPa [14 psi] (height 10 m [32.8ft])

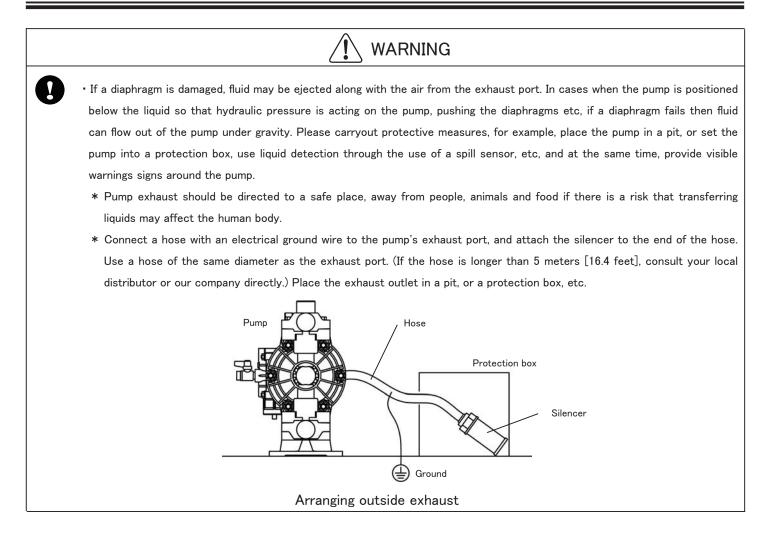
(The above values are when transferring fresh water under ambient temperature. Depending on the liquid these values may change.)

For 031, 051 series, it is required to change the exhaust port part in case exhaust outside connecting a hose or pipe. Please consult with your distributor.

When installing the pump with enclosed rubber feet, please use a method that allows the pump to absorb vibration and avoid the bases contact the ground directly. Use the optional vibration proof rubber depending on vibration intensity.

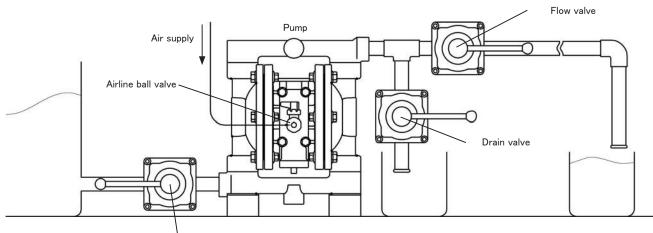
* Verify the not have* The exhapt	will be submerged into the liquid during operation, follow the steps below: e corrosion resistance of each component of the pump, and do NOT expose the pump to any fluid for which it does proper corrosion resistance. aust should be redirected outside, not into the fluid in which the pump is submerged. For information on how to he exhaust, see [Arranging outside exhaust] below.
of fluid being	ing the pump, operational noise will be generated, and the level will depend upon the following conditions of use (type g pumped, the supply air pressure and liquid discharge pressure). If there are specific regulatory sound level rules o your country or region, provide appropriate acoustic counter measures. (For the noise levels of this product, see [1 ns].)
	e operation is to be controlled by a solenoid valve, then a three way type valve is recommended. A three-way ve allows any trapped air to bleed off, in turn improving pump performance.
	le hose that has grounding wires so that it can absorb the vibration of the pump. , make sure that the pump is not subjected to external force at each connection due to the weight and vibration of d piping.
	that has larger diameter than the pump's connection size. It may cause performance degradation and also cause malfunction if using smaller diameter.
	g the pump, make sure that the pump will not fall. NEVER try to move the pump by pulling the hoses connected to ther the hose or the pump may be damaged.
	ng torque of bolts on this product may decrease over time. Make sure to retighten the bolts in accordance with book prior to operation.
U	he pump intermittently the pump will not require lubrication. However lubrication is recommended if running the uously for long periods or using very dry air or at high temperatures. This will guarantee the life of the pumps
	e to use a lubricator, please use only turbine oil, Class 1(equivalent to ISO VG32).
* Continuous op	ure operation: When transferring liquids whose temperature exceeds 70°C [158 °F] eration: When the pump operates continuously for longer than 1 hour and is stopped for less than 15 minutes. se only turbine oil Class 1(equivalent to ISO VG 32), under the following conditions;
Oil concentrat	ion at 50mg/m ³ , Absolute pressure at 0.1MPa [14psi]. Maximum temperature of 20°C [68 $^{\circ}$ F] and Humidity at 65%.

* Operation condition at 70°C or above fluid temperature might cause an early degradation of performance and required to change the material of air motor seal parts.(except HT models and clamped pumps).



2.Recommended Liquid piping connection diagram

- 1) Connect a flow valve and a drain valve to the liquid discharge side (outlet) of the pump.
- 2) Connect a flow valve for maintenance purposes to the suction side (inlet) of the pump.
- 3) Connect hoses to both the suction side and to the discharge side of the pump and attach them to the respective vessels.



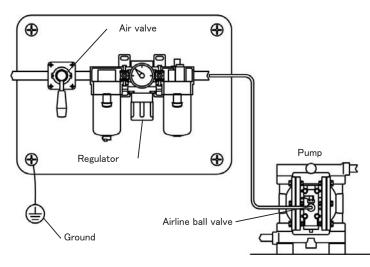
Flow valve for maintenance

0	• When fitting liquid hoses to the pump, make sure to use a sturdy hose that will not collapse when strong suction pressure is applied from the pump. Also make sure the hose has a sufficient pressure rating to cope with the required discharge pressure.
0	 When pumping a fluid that contains slurry, verify that the particle size is below the Max solid size (see[1.Specifications]). If it exceeds the limitation of slurries indicated in the main specifications, attach a strainer to the pump to stop larger particles. Otherwise, such particles may cause a malfunction.
0	 Depending upon changes in pumping conditions such as expanding liquids or changes in liquid temperature the pressure inside the pump could change drastically. In such cases install a relief valve on the liquid discharge side, to bring the pressure down below the maximum permissible value.
0	 When testing piping for leakage, do NOT apply pressure to the pump's inlet and outlet sides with compressed air from outside. It may cause abnormal breakage to the diaphragm or the switching portion.
8	 When installing a standby pump or two pumps in parallel, be sure to provide a Flow valve on each of the IN and OUT liquid material manifolds and perform pump switchovers by firstly shutting off both pumps and separating them through the liquid material valves. If a Liquid line valve of the stopped pump remains open, the diaphragms could be inverted or stretched and possibly broken by the discharge pressure produced by the operating pump, thus resulting in damage in an early stage.

3.Recommended air piping connection diagram

 Connect an air valve, air filter, regulator and if necessary a lubricator (Make sure they are rated to provide sufficient air volume passage as required to run the pump correctly)
 Connect hoses to the pump and compressor.

I



▲ CAUTION

• The piping and the peripheral equipment may become clogged with foreign matter such as dust dirt or sludge. Clean the inside of the piping for 10 to 20 seconds before connecting it to the pump.

Operation

1.Pump start up

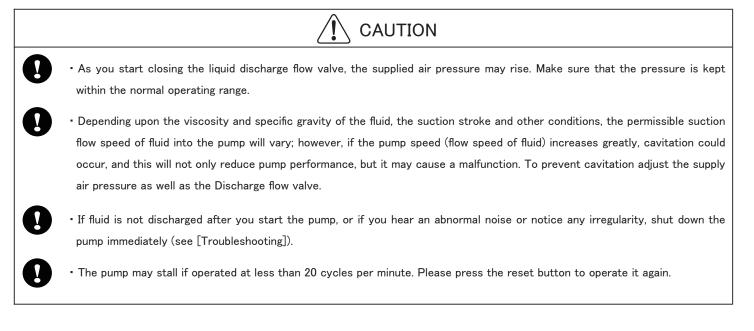
- 1) Open the air value in front of each piece of peripheral equipment, and adjust the supply air pressure with a regulator to within the permissible range.
- 2) Open the flow valve on the discharge side.
- 3) Press the RESET BUTTON, and then slowly open the air value of the pump.
- 4) Before allowing the pump to run at full pressure, first, verify that the pump is primed and fluid is flowing inside the piping and is being pumped to the discharge side, and then fully open the air valve.



• If air pressure and discharge pressure exceed the allowable operating pressure, it may cause liquid leaks, damaged pump casings or diaphragms and could cause a fatal accident.

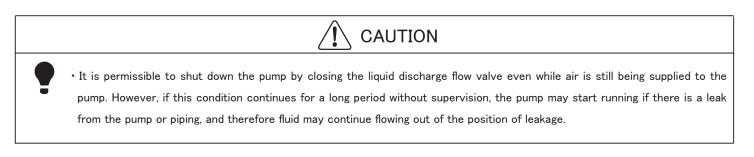
2.Liquid flow adjustments

• Adjust the flow valve on the discharge side. To see the relationship between the flow rate, supply air pressure and discharge pressure, see [Performance curves].



3.Stopping the Pump

· Close the air valve of the pump and shut off the supplied air.

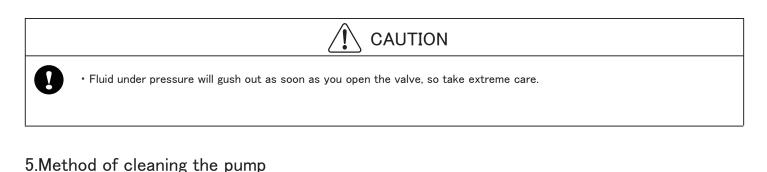


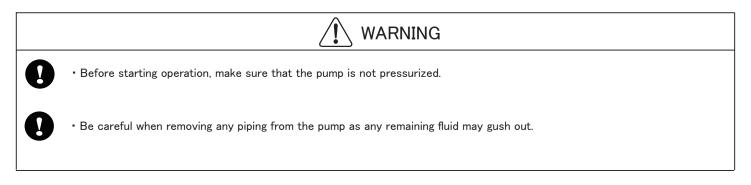
Operation

• When the pump is shut down while pumping liquids containing slurry, particulate slurry matter contained in the liquid can settle and become deposited inside the bottom of the liquid chambers. If the pump is started again in the condition, the diaphragm may be damaged or the center disk may be overloaded, and this may cause damage such as bending or breaking of the center disk or center rod. As a counter measure, after finishing work, it is recommended to purge the remaining fluid and slurry particulate from the pump.

4.Releasing pressure

- 1) Make sure that the airline ball valve of the pump is closed.
- 2) Close the valve on the air-supply side of the peripheral equipment.
- 3) Close the flow valve on the discharge side, start opening the drain valve slowly, and discharge the pressurized fluid.
- 4) Open the airline ball valve of the pump, and run the pump until all the remaining pressurized air and liquid inside the pump is expelled.





- 1) Remove the inlet hose from the suction side of the pump.
- 2) Close the flow valve on the discharge side, open the drain valve, and then operate a pump by opening the air pressure valve for a while to discharge any fluid remaining inside the pump.
- 3) Remove the outlet hose from the discharge side, and attach different hoses to the suction side and the discharge side for cleaning purposes.
- 4) Prepare a vessel with cleaning solution, select a cleaning solution which is appropriate for the type of fluid being pumped, and then connect the suction-side and the discharge-side hoses to the pump.
- Operate the pump by starting the air pressure slowly, and let the cleaning solution circulate for a sufficient period to thoroughly clean the pump. (Finally, flush the pump with clean water.)
- 6) Remove the hose from the suction side of the pump, run the pump for a while and purge the pump of all remaining fluid.
- 7) After flushing with clean water, turn the pump upside-down to drain out any remaining water contained in the pump.

Daily maintenance checks

- A) Make sure the air filter drain is empty and working correctly.
- B) When using a lubricator, verify that the quantity of lubricating oil is sufficient.
- C) Make sure that there is no leakage of fluid from any hose connections or the pump body.
- D) Check each bolt of the pump and retighten as necessary. Refer to the service book for details.
- $\mathsf{E})\;$ Make sure that there are no cracks in the pump casing or piping.
- $\mathsf{F})\;$ Make sure that the pipe connections are not loose.
- G) Make sure that high ware parts have not past their life expectancy. Replace such parts at regular intervals. For details, refer to the Service Book.

Some special tools can help when disassembling and reassembling the pump. Please contact your local distributor or our company directly.

Problem	Probable Cause	Actions to be taken
	The exhaust port (silencer) of pump is clogged with Dirt or sludge.	Check and clean the exhaust port or replace the silencer.
	Air is not supplied	Start the compressor, open the airline ball valve and air Regulator. Check functionality of solenoid valves (if fitted).
	The supplied air pressure is too low	Raise the supplied air pressure to the pump. Check the compressor and regulator settings and check that the configuration of the air piping is correct.
Pump does not run	The supplied air volume is too low	Increase the supplied air volume to the pump. Check the compressor size, fittings & air piping inner diameter and air regulators are of sufficient size. Make sure air is not being syphoned off used to power other pumps or equipment.
	The spool stopped in neutral position	Press the RESET button.
	The Discharge line is closed or blocked	Open the discharge valve. Check functionality of solenoid valves (if fitted). Check for blockage caused by slurry etc. Check that the liquid line back pressure is not higher than the supplied air pressure.
	Air motor section is corroded or damaged	Check for liquid contamination, chemical attack or corrosion to the moving components inside the air motor section. Clean or replace as necessary.

Problem	Probable Cause	Actions to be taken
	The suction lift or discharge head is too long	Confirm the piping configuration and shorten the length.
	One or more Ball Guides are fitted upside down	Check that all 4 ball guides are assembled correctly and rectify as necessary.
	One or more Ball Guides are worn out	Inspect Ball Guides for excess ware and replace as necessary.
	Supply tank is empty or inlet valve is closed or piping is crimped	Change or refill tank, check that inlet valves are fully open.
	Air leak on (inlet) suction side	Check that inlet hose or hose fittings are not loose or broken and pump manifold torque values are correct. Check the Inlet Manifold O-rings are not damaged or missing.
	The suction-side fluid piping (including the strainer) is clogged with slurry or sludge	Check and clean the fluid piping and filters (if fitted).
Pump runs, but fluid does not come out or flow decreased, or stop.	The supply air pressure is low	Raise the supplied air pressure to the pump. Check the compressor and regulator settings and check that the configuration of the air piping is correct.
	Cavitation occurs	Adjust the correlation between supply air pressure inlet and discharge flow or pressure, or shorten the suction lift length.
	Chattering occurs (ball valves not seating properly)	Check and adjust the correlation between supplied air pressure and inlet pressure and discharge pressure or flow. Decrease the inlet flow rate or increase the back pressure by slightly closing the discharge valve. Check the ball valve material is sufficiently heavy compared to the liquid being pumped.
	Icing on air-switching portion	Check that the air filter and exhaust are clean and not blocked or restricted. Check and adjust the air flow rate and the correlation between the liquid flow rates. Fit a speed control muffler. Manually remove ice from air- switching valve before restarting.
	The exhaust port (silencer) of pump is clogged with sludge. Or the air filter is blocked	Check and clean the exhaust port or replace the silencer. Check and replace the air filter as necessary.
	Air valve seals or sleeve or sleeve O-rings worn out or damaged	Inspect air valve and sleeve and replace components as necessary.

Problem	Probable Cause	Actions to be taken
	The diaphragm is damaged	Disassemble and check the pump and replace the diaphragm.
	The fastening nuts for the center disk are loose	Disassemble and check the pump. Tighten the nuts.
Liquid leakage from exhaust port (silencer)	The center disk O-rings are damaged or missing	Disassemble and check the pump. Replace the O-rings if necessary.
	Excessive airline moisture or oil lubrication	Check and repair the compressor. Fit or empty an airline moisture drainer. Reduce or remove the oil lubrication.
	The diaphragm is perforated cut or torn	Disassemble and check the pump check and replace the diaphragms as necessary.
	The center disk fastening nuts are loose	Disassemble and check the pump. Tighten the nuts.
Air is mixed into the liquid	The diaphragm is not seated correctly within the chambers or the O-ring is missing	Check the positioning of the diaphragm is correct, and check the diaphragm is not deformed due to under torque of the chamber bolts. Check the O-ring is not missing or damaged and replace as necessary. Re- Torque the chamber bolts t the correct value.
	Air leak on (inlet) suction side	Check that inlet hose or hose fittings are not loose or broken and the pump manifold torque values are correct. Check the Inlet manifold O-rings are not damaged or missing.
	The supply air pressure is too high	Lower the supply air pressure to the pump. (Check the compressor and the configuration of air piping.)
	The spool oscillates and ball chattering occurs	Adjust the supply air pressure and discharge pressure. Reduce inlet flow valve to adjusting liquid pressure and volume.
Irregular noise	The pump is clogged with sludge with particles of larger than the permissible diameter	Disassemble the casing, check and clean.
	Pilot valve(s) are faulty or damaged	Inspect and replace pilots, seals or bushings as necessary
	Exhaust (muffler) is missing or broken	Inspect replace or fit a new muffler.

Problem	Probable Cause	Actions to be taken
	The supply air pressure is too high	Lower the supply air pressure to the pump. (Check the compressor and the configuration of air piping.)
Irregular vibration	The spool oscillates, and occur ball chattering	Adjust the supply air pressure and discharge pressure. Reduce inlet flow valve to adjusting liquid pressure and volume.
	Connection parts and pump mounting are loose	Check each connection part and tighten the bolts.
	Piping is loose or vibrating due to the pump action or from water hammer etc	Secure piping to a mounting and or fit flexible connections between pump and piping.
	Pumping slurry with excessive solids content	Reduce solids content to specified values.
Bent Or Broken Centre Shaft	Slurry settling when pump is not in use	Flush or clean slurry from pump before use. Or start pump very slowly until settled solids are dissipated.
	Loose center disk	Make to torque center rod bolts correctly. Always torque both bolts at the same time.
	Chemical attack (misapplied diaphragm)	Make sure to match chemical to diaphragm material.
	Temperature damage (too hot/too cold)	Use a diaphragm material better suited to high/low temperature applications.
	Over Torque	Make sure to check and keep the correct chamber torque values.
	Under Torque	Make sure to check and keep the correct chamber torque values.
	Excessive suction (vacuum) pressure (liquid inlet side)	Keep suction pressure to within specified limits. Change to a thermoplastic elastomer diaphragm if possible.
Premature Diaphragm Failure	Excessive liquid inlet pressure	Keep inlet pressure to within specified limits. Change to a thermoplastic elastomer diaphragm if possible. Start & run pump slowly until it is primed fully.
	Excessive abrasion damage cut or worn	Change diaphragm to an elastomer with higher abrasion resistance if possible.
	Over pressurization air side / excess airline pressure	Keep air pressure within allowable limits. Use a thermo plastic elastomer diaphragm if possible.
	Excessive dry running	Keep dry running to a minimum. Install a dry running detector. Change diaphragms to a thermoplastic elastomer if possible.
	Misassembled center disks / Backwards	Make sure to follow the correct assembly procedure outlined within the pump manual.

EU Declaration of Conformity

YTS JAPAN Co., Ltd. declares that Air Operated Double Diaphragm Pumps and Automatic Air Operated Pulsation Dampeners listed below except pumps with electric devices comply with the requirements of directive and all applicable standards.

Applicable EU Directive: 2014/34/EU Equipment and Protective Systems intended for use in potentially Explosive Atmospheres
Applicable Standards: EN80079-36 Non-electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres - Basic method
and requirements EN80079-37 Non-electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres - Non-electrical type of protection constructional safety "c", control of ignition sources "b", liquid immersion "k"
Products: Iwaki "TC-X" Series Air Operated Double Diaphragm Pumps
Pump Series Model / Applicable Materials of Construction
TC-X030Model / PVDF
TC-X031Model / PVDF
TC-X050Model / AL, SUS, PVDF, POM, CFPP , CFPTFE
TC-X051Model / AL, SUS, PVDF, POM, CFPP ,CFPTFE
TC-X101Model / AL, SUS, CFPP TC-X150Model / POM
TC-X150Model / POM TC-X151Model / AL, SUS, PVDF, POM
TC-X152Model ^{A)} / AL, SUS, PVDF, POM, CFPP ,CFPTFE
$TC-X200Model^{B}$ / AL, SUS, PVDF
TC-X250Model ^{B)} / AL, SUS, FE, PVDF, CFPP ,CFPTFE
TC-X400Model / AL, SUS, FE, PVDF, CFPP
TC-X500Model ^{C)} / AL, SUS, FE, PVDF, CFPP
TC-X800Model ^{C)} / AL, SUS, FE
A) With CFPP Air Motor B) With CFPP or Metallic Air Motor C) With C, N, E, V, W Diaphragms or PTFE Diaphragm Fitted with Conductive TPEE back up or Conductive EPDM back up
Products: Iwaki "CF-X" Series Automatic Air Operated Pulsation Dampeners
Dampeners Series Model / Applicable Materials of Construction
CF-X10Model / AL, SUS, CFPP
CF-X15Model / AL, SUS, PVDF, POM, CFPP, CFPTFE
CF-X25Model / AL, SUS, FE, PVDF, CFPP, CFPTFE
CF-X40Model / AL, SUS, FE, PVDF, CFPP
CF-X50Model ^{D)} / AL, SUS, FE, PVDF, CFPP D) With C, N, E, V, W Diaphragms or PTFE Diaphragm Fitted with Conductive TPEE back up or Conductive EPDM back up
Hazardous Location Applied:
III2G ExhIIBT5Gb [0℃ <ta≤70℃]< p=""> Equipment group II, (subgroup IIB), temperature class T5, EPL Gb</ta≤70℃]<>
III2D ExhIIIBT100℃Db「0℃ <ta<70℃」< p=""> Equipment group III, (subgroup IIIB), temperature class 100℃, EPL Db</ta<70℃」<>
Technical file has been stored at ExNB 0035 (TÜV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH) with reference number 557Ex-Ab3825/23 according to rule 2014/34/EU.
Products Manufactured By: YTS JAPAN Co., Ltd. 598-10 Monoi, Yotsukaido-City, Chiba, Japan,284-0012 Phone: +81(0)433106606 / Fax: +81(0)434248977 E-Mail: sales@yts-pump.com / Web: https://www.y-t-s.co.jp/



& Annal Shigeru Murata

DATE/APPROVAL/TITLE December 18th 2024

Shigeru Murata Director of Quality Assurance YTS JAPAN Co., Ltd.

EU Declaration of Conformity

Declaration of Conformity / Déclaration de Conformité / Declaración de Conformidad / Erklärung Bezüglich / Einhaltung Der Vorschriften / Dichiarazione di Conformità / Conformiteitsverklaring

YTS JAPAN Co., Ltd. declares that Air Operated Double Diaphragm Pumps ("TC-X" Series) and Automatic Air Operated Pulsation Dampeners ("CF-X" Series) and Pump Accessories (listed: KGD30-09) comply with the requirements of directive and all applicable standards.

Applicable EU Directive:2006/42/ECmachinery directiveApplicable Standards:EN809Pumps and pump units for liquids -
Common safety requirements

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Authorized Representative: YTS Pump Engineering BV. Logistiekweg 26, 7007 CJ Doetinchem, the Netherlands Phone: +31 (0)857607060 E-mail: info@yts-pumps.com / Web: https://www.yts-pump.com/



Manufacturer:

Shigeru Murata Director of Quality Assurance YTS JAPAN Co., Ltd.

CE Authorized Representative:

Gerard Heikens Managing Director YTS Pump Engineering BV.